When typological rara become productive: the extension of grammatical agreement in Dutch dialects

In a recent paper, Siewierska (1999) points out the typological rarity of so-called 'grammatical agreement' of verbs. That is the type of agreement in which an inflectional person marker is accompanied obligatorily by another person marker that carries a larger referential load, usually some anaphoric element. Most Germanic languages display grammatical agreement, but the phenomenon is unknown to the vast majority of the world's languages: in Siewierska's sample of 272 languages, only two examples are found. One of them is Standard Dutch, in which inflectional person markers always co-occur with pronouns or lexical NPs. The rarity of grammatical agreement is assumed to be due to a tendency to develop new agreement markers when the 'old' ones become non-referential.

Significantly, in some Dutch dialects the agreement system seems to extend to other classes than verbs, such as complementizers (Hoekstra & Smits 1997), and the answering particles *ja* ('yes') and *neen* ('no'). The second phenomenon is shown in (1):

(1) A:	Gaa-n	ze	morgen	naar Gent?
	go-AGR	they	tomorrow	to Ghent.
	'Shall they go to Ghent tomorrow?'			
B:	Jaa-n-s.			
	yes-AGR-they _{clitic}			
	'Yes, the	y do.'		

The agreement marker in (1B) can only appear when it is followed by a clitic. This use of clitics following answering particles is a rarum in itself. Cross-linguistically, clitics do sometimes attach to other hosts than verbs, most notably to elements in the first or second position of the clause, but the restriction to *ja* ('yes') and *neen* ('no') seems unparalleled in the world's languages (cf. typological overviews such as Corbett 1991, 2000; Siewierska 2004).

In our talk, we will discuss the typological rarity of both grammatical agreement of nonverbal constituents and cliticisation to answering particles. In addition, we will provide an explanation for the fact that the agreement marker needs to co-occur with a clitic in the relevant dialects.

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